## THE UNITED SHATES OF AMERICA

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME:

Arito-Ling North America, Inc.

There has been presented to the

#### Secretary of Agriculture

AN APPLICATION REQUESTING A CERTIFICATE OF PROTECTION FOR AN ALLEGED DISTINCT VARIETY OF SEXUALLY REPRODUCED, OR TUBER PROPAGATED PLANT, THE NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF WHICH ARE CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATION AND EXHIBITS, A COPY OF WHICH IS HEREUNTO ANNEXED AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND THE VARIOUS REQUIREMENTS OF LAW IN SUCH CASES MADE AND PROVIDED HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, AND THE TITLE THERETO IS, FROM THE RECORDS OF THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE, IN THE APPLICANT(S) INDICATED IN THE SAID GOPY, AND WHEREAS, UPON DUE EXAMINATION MADE, THE SAID APPLICANT(S) IS (ARE) ADJUDGED TO BE ENTITLED TO A CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION UNDER THE LAW.

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION IS TO GRANT UNTO THE SAID APPLICANT(S) AND THE SUCCESSORS, HEIRS OR ASSIGNS OF THE SAID APPLICANT(S) FOR THE TERM OF TWENTY YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THIS GRANT, SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE REQUIRED FEES AND PERIODIC REPUBLICANT OF VIABLE BASIC SEED OF THE VARIETY IN A PUBLIC REPOSITORY AS PROVIDED BY LAW, THE STOCKLUDE OTHERS FROM SELLING THE VARIETY; OR OFFERING IT FOR SALE, OR REPRODUCING IT, OR STING IT, OR EXPORTING IT, OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE PURPOSE, OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE OR USING IT IN PRODUCING A HYBRID OR DIFFERENT VARIETY THEREFROM, TO THE EXTENT PROPAGATION ACT. (84 STAT. 1542, AS AMENDED, 7 U.S.C. 2321 ET SEQ.)

#### **POTATO**

200500205

'FL 2072'

In Justimann Photoni, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Plant United Protection Office to be affixed at the City of Washington, D.C. this nineteenth day of September, in the year two thousand and five.

Allest:

Remove

No.

Commissioner Plant Variety Protection Office Agricultural Marketing Service Kfoben.... Vågriculture

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE
SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY - PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE

The following statements are made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a) and the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995. Application is required in order to determine if a plant variety protection certificate is to be issued (7 U.S.C. 2421). Information is held confidential until certificate is issued (7 U.S.C. 2426).

APPLICATION FOR PLANT	VARIETY	PROTECTION	CERTIFICATE
Unateriations and information	aclination		

(Instructions and information collection burden state	ement an reverse)		
1. NAME OF OWNER		TEMPORARY DESIGNATION OR EXPERIMENTAL NAME	3. VARIETY NAME
Frito-Lay North America, Inc.		1998 122.9	FL 2072
4. ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP Coo	le, and Country)	5. TELEPHONE (include area code)	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY
7701 Legacy Drive		(972) 334-3822	PVPO NUMBER
Plano, TX 75024		6. FAX (include area code)	200500205
		(972) 334-5965	FILING DATE
<ol> <li>IF THE OWNER NAMED IS NOT A "PERSON", GIVE FORM OF ORGANIZATION (corporation, partnership, association, etc.)</li> </ol>	8. IF INCORPORATED, GIVE STATE OF INCORPORATION	9. DATE OF INCORPORATION	Mail & non-
Corporation	DE	August 8, 1989	APM 0, 2005
10. NAME AND ADDRESS OF OWNER REPRESENTATIVE(S) TO S	ERVE IN THIS APPLICATION, (First p	erson listed will receive all papers)	F FILING AND EXAMINATION FEES:
Robert J. Jondle, Esquire Jondle & Associates, PC			E \$ 365206 R DATE 4/8/05
908 E. Mineral Circle			CERTIFICATION FEE:
Suite 200 Centennial, CO 80112			\$ 682
			DATE 8/10/05

11. TELEPHONE (Include area code)	12. FAX (Include area code)	13. E-MAIL
(303) 799-6444	(303) 799-6898	rjondle@jondlelaw.com
14. CROP KIND (Common Name)	16. FAMILY NAME (Botanical)	18. DOES THE VARIETY CONTAIN ANY TRANSGENES? (OPTIONAL)
Potato	Solanaceae	☐ YES ☑ NO
15. GENUS AND SPECIES NAME OF CROP	17. IS THE VARIETY A FIRST GENERATION HYBRID?	IF SO, PLEASE GIVE THE ASSIGNED USDA-APHIS REFERENCE NUMBER FOR THE APPROVED PETITION TO DEREGULATE THE GENETICALLY MODIFIED PLANT FOR
Solanum tuberosum, L.	YES INO	COMMERICALIZATION.
<ol> <li>CHECK APPROPRIATE BOX FOR EACH ATTA (Follow instructions on reverse)</li> </ol>	ACHMENT SUBMITTED	DOES THE OWNER SPECIFY THAT SEED OF THIS VARIETY BE SOLD AS A CLASS     OF CERTIFIED SEED? (See Section 83(a) of the Plant Variety Protection Act)
a. Exhibit A. Origin and Breeding History	of the Variety	YES (If "yes", answer items 21 and 22 below) NO (If "no", go to item 23)
b. Exhibit B. Statement of Distinctness		21. DOES THE OWNER SPECIFY THAT SEED OF THIS VARIETY BE LIMITED AS TO NUMBER OF CLASSES?
c. Exhibit C. Objective Description of Var	iety	☐ YES ☑ NO
d. Exhibit D. Additional Description of the	Variety (Optional)	IF YES, WHICH CLASSES? ☐ FOUNDATION ☐ REGISTERED ☐ CERTIFIED
e. Exhibit E. Statement of the Basis of the	e Owner's Ownership	22. DOES THE OWNER SPECIFY THAT SEED OF THIS VARIETY BE LIMITED AS TO NUMBER OF GENERATIONS?
	ed seeds or, for tuber propagated varieties, eposited and maintained in an approved public	YES V NO
repository)	and management of public	IF YES, SPECIFY THE NUMBER 1,2,3, etc. FOR EACH CLASS.
g. Filing and Examination Fee (\$3,652), n States" (Mail to the Plant Variety Protect	naide payable to "Treasurer of the United ction Office)	☐ FOUNDATION ☐ REGISTERED ☐ CERTIFIED
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(If additional explanation is necessary, please use the space indicated on the reverse.)
23. HAS THE VARIETY (INCLUDING ANY HARVES FROM THIS VARIETY BEEN SOLD, DISPOSED OTHER COUNTRIES?	STED MATERIAL) OR A HYBRID PRODUCED D OF, TRANSFERRED, OR USED IN THE U. S. OR	24. IS THE VARIETY OR ANY COMPONENT OF THE VARIETY PROTECTED BY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT (PLANT BREEDER'S RIGHT OR PATENT)?
YES NO		☐ YES ☑ NO
	FIRST SALE, DISPOSITION, TRANSFER, OR USE NICES. (Please use space indicated on reverse.)	IF YES, PLEASE GIVE COUNTRY, DATE OF FILING OR ISSUANCE AND ASSIGNED REFERENCE NUMBER. (Please use space indicated on reverse.)

25. The owners declare that a viable sample of basic seed of the variety has been furnished with application and will be replenished upon request in accordance with such regulations as may be applicable, or for a luber propagated variety a tissue culture will be deposited in a public repository and maintained for the duration of the certificate.

The undersigned owner(s) is(are) the owner of this sexually reproduced or tuber propagated plant variety, and believe(s) that the variety is new, distinct, uniform, and stable as required in Section 42, and is entitled to protection under the provisions of Section 42 of the Plant Variety Protection Act.

Owner(s) is (are) informed that false representation herein can jeopardize protection and result in penalties.

SIGNATURE OF OWNER	len	SIGNATURE OF OWNER	
NAME (Please print or type)		NAME (Please print or type)	
Thomas P. Schur		Thomas P. Schur	
CAPACITY OR TITLE	DATE	CAPACITY OR TITLE	DATE
Secretary	24 MAR 2005	Secretary	

The variety FL 2072 originated in the Frito-Lay, Inc. private potato breeding program. The variety is the result of classical hybridization breeding. No gene insertion was involved in the breeding of FL 2072 or its parents. In 1996, Robert W. Hoopes made a cross at the Frito-Lay Agricultural Operations and Development facility near Rhinelander, Wisconsin, between the varieties FL 1913 and FL 1887. FL 1913 was chosen as a breeding parent because of its very high dry matter content and bright chip color from cold storage. High dry matter is associated with more efficient processing and lower oil absorption. FL 1887 was chosen for its high yields and good storage color. Seeds from the cross FL 1913 x FL 1887 were sown in the greenhouse near Rhinelander in the summer of 1997 and the resulting tubers were harvested in the fall of that year. Seedling tubers were planted in the field in the spring of 1998. One of the selections from this progeny was given the designation "1998 122.9." This selection was tested for three years in Rhinelander, with dry matter measurements and potato chip fry samples taken after each harvest. 1998 122.9 was found to have oval tubers with yellow flesh and shallow eyes. Its outstanding attributes were high solids, attractive chips, both immediately after harvest and after a period of cold storage, and observed tolerance to pitted scab and hollow heart.

In 2001, 1998 122.9 was given the name "FL 2072". It was tested in seventeen variety trials conducted by Frito-Lay throughout the United States in 2002 and 2003. Dry matter and yield are consistently competitive with Atlantic. FL 2072 fries extremely well out of 42°F storage up to 7 months due a very low level of reducing sugars. The yellow flesh (average Hunter colorimeter 'b' value is 27.5) results in appealing, golden chips.

The variety FL 2072 has been judged stable since its origin as a single plant in 1997. FL 2072 is uniform for all traits as described in Exhibit C, and has shown no variants other than what would normally be expected due to environment.

Tissue culture plantlets of FL 2072 were established and are maintained at the Frito-Lay Agricultural Operations and Development facility near Rhinelander, Wisconsin.

#### **EXHIBIT B: Statement of Distinctness**

As a chipping variety, for use up to 7 months out of storage at 42° F, FL 2072 is most similar to Snowden. FL 2072 can be distinguished from Snowden in regard to the following traits:

**Tuber shape**: FL 2072 tubers are oval to oblong in shape and often slightly flattened, whereas Snowden tubers are more nearly round. Samples of the two varieties produced in field plots in Rhinelander, WI in 2003 gave the following mean dimensions (Norchip dimensions are included to provide a comparison with another chipping variety):

	Length	Width	Depth	L: W Ratio
FL 2072	74.2mm	57.4 mm	44.2 mm	1.29
Snowden	64.2 mm	$65.7  \mathrm{mm}$	50.6 mm	0.97
Norchip	$60.8 \; \mathrm{mm}$	57.4 mm	34.8 mm	1.059

Dimensions of the individual tubers are attached.

FL 2072 has a slightly lighter skin color than Snowden and the skin is smooth as opposed to flaky. FL 2072 has distinctly yellow flesh (RHS 160A), while Snowden's flesh is white (RHS 155A).

Flowers: FL 2072 has very pale violet-blue (RHS 89D) flowers with white stripes, that at a slight distance look completely white, while the corolla of Snowden is solid white (RHS 155A). The anthers of FL 2072 are primarily yellow-orange (RHS 17A). However, there are often one or two flowers in an inflorescence with green or light yellow anthers. Snowden's anthers are light yellow (RHS 9A). The pistil on FL 2072 flowers protrudes quite far from the anther cone. Other differences include 1) Number of Inflorescences/Plant. FL 2072 has an average of 4 inflorescences per plant, while Snowden has an average of 1. FL 2072 also has a greater number of florets per inflorescence (10.7 vs. 1.5). 2) Corolla Shape. FL 2072 has pentagonal corollas; Snowden has Semi-stellate corollas. 3) Berry Production. FL 2072 has a heavy berry set under field conditions, while Snowden produces none.

Foliage: The stems of FL 2072 contain some anthocyanin coloration and the petioles show very strong coloration. Anthocyanin coloration is completely absent on Snowden plants. The base of FL 2072's primary leaflets is often cordate, similar to Snowden. However, it is not uncommon to find that the lower leaflets on the same leaf have lobed bases.

**Isozyme pattern**: The isozyme pattern of FL 2072, as established by Dr. David Douches of Michigan State University, is unique among known North American varieties. This is detailed in Exhibit D-1: Additional Description of the Variety.

REPRODUCE LOCALLY. Include form number and date on all reproductions.

Form Approved OMB NO 0581-0055

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0055. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 8.5 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

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To file a complaint of discrimination, write USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, Room 326-W, Whitten Building, 14th and Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20250-9410 or call 202-720-5964 (voice and TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

> U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE BELT\$VILLE, MD 20705

Exhibit C

#### OBJECTIVE DESCRIPTION OF VARIETY Potato (Solanum tuberosum L.)

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

#### The Objective Description Form:

The objective description form lists characteristics to be used as the basis for developing the description of potato varieties. It is designed to guide the applicant in describing a variety in detail so a meaningful comparison with other potato varieties can be accomplished. It is recommended that this form be completed in as much detail as possible to ensure an accurate description. Please fill in the requested data and place the appropriate number that describes the varietal characters typical of this potato variety and the reference varieties in the respective boxes.

#### **Test Guidelines:**

Any statistical and trial (field test) data that may be necessary to support the variety description should be attached to this form. Please include for trial data the plot size, number of replications, number of plants, plant spacing, trial locations and growing periods. Trials should normally be conducted at one place, in the region that the variety has been adapted for, with a minimum of one growing period in the United States. All comparative data should be determined from varieties entered in the same trials. The size of the plots should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measuring and counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made at the end of the growing period. As a minimum, each test should include a total of 60 plants which should be divided between two or more replicates. Separate plots for observation and measuring can only be used if they have been subject to similar environmental conditions. To determine color for a plant or plant parts a recognized standard color chart must be used such as the Royal Horticultural Society (R.H.S.) Color Chart.

#### Reference Varieties:

The application variety should be compared to at least one reference variety preferably a set of reference varieties. The reference varieties should be market class standard varieties currently grown in the United States and or the variety (ies) most similar. The following varieties are recommended as market class standards to be used as reference varieties:

> Round-white table-stock...... Superior Chip-processing ...... Atlantic, Snowden, Norchip Frozen-processing...... Russet Burbank

If the applicant does not use one of the recommended reference varieties the PVP office may not have a complete description for the reference variety used; therefore, the applicant may have to supply this description by completing an Exhibit C form for the reference variety.

Characteristics:

200500205

The plant type and growth habit characteristics are collected at early first bloom. Figure 1 is supplied to help visualize the growth habit. For this descriptor, look at the stems rather than the stems and foliage. Plant maturity is measured at natural vine senescence.

Stem characteristics are also collected at early bloom. Stem anthocyanin coloration is divided into two descriptors: Location and intensity. Figure 12 is supplied to give an example of stem wings.

Leaf characteristics are observed at early first bloom. Fully-developed leaves located on the middle third of the plant should be used. Leaf pubescence refers to general trichomes. Figure 2 is supplied for examples of leaf silhouette. Figure 3 should be used to describe terminal and primary leaflet shape. Figures 4 and 5 are used to describe the terminal and primary leaflet shape of tip and base, respectively. To measure the total number of primary leaflets pairs, collect 10 fully developed petioles (with leaves attached from each replication) and take the average number of secondary and tertiary leaflets. Figure 11 is supplied to define leaf characteristics. Glandular trichomes should be described through descriptor #12 (Additional Comments and Characteristics). Leaf stipules are shown in Figure 13 for visual definition.

Inflorescence characteristics should be measured at early first bloom. Figures 6 and 7 are supplied to describe corolla and anther shape, respectively. Corolla, calyx, anther, stigma, and pollen should be observed on newly opened flowers. Berry production should be based on field-grown plants rather than greenhouse plants.

Tuber characteristics should be observed following harvest. Figures 9 and 10 are available to describe distribution of secondary color and tuber shape, respectively.

Disease and pest reactions should be based upon specific tests rather than field observations. Other diseases or pests reactions not requested can be described if it is felt that it would be helpful to the description.

Quality characteristics should be described according to the market use.

If the plant is transgenic, this gene insertion(s) should be described.

Chemical identification and any other characteristics can be described if they are helpful in distinguishing the variety.

A rating system of 1-9 provides a scale for describing most characteristics in this form. Characteristic may be rated with intermediate values where the characteristic grades gradually from one extreme to another. For example, if the character states are described as: 3 = Small; 5 = Medium; 7 = Large; the other values of 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, or 9 may be selected.

Legend:

V = Application Variety

R1-R4 = Reference Varieties

\* = Both the reference variety (ies) and application variety must be described for characteristics designated with an asterisk.

NAME OF APPLICANT (S)

TEMPORARY OR EXPERIMENTAL DESIGNATION

VARIETY NAME

Frito-Lay North America, Inc. ADDRESS (Street and No. or RD No., City, State, Zip Code and Country)

1998 122.9

FL 2072 FOR ORFICIAL USE ONLY

7701 Legacy Drive

Plano, TX 75024

PVPO NUMBER

200500205

REFERENCE VARIETIES: Enter the reference variety name in the appropriate box.

Reference Variety 1 (R1)	Reference Variety 2 (R2)	Reference Variety 3 (R3)	Reference Variety 4 (R4)
Snowden			

#### 1. MARKET CHARACTERISTICS:

#### MARKET CLASS:

1 = Yellow-Flesh Table Stock 2 = Round-White Table stock 3 = Chip-Processing 4 = Frozen-Processing

5 = Russet Table

stock 6 = Other\_

V	3

#### 2. PLANT CHARACTERISTICS:

GROWTH HABIT: (See Figure 1)

3 = Erect (>45° with ground); 5 = Semi-Erect (30-45° with ground); 7 = Spreading

TYPE:

1 = Stem (foliage open, stems clearly visible); 2 = Intermediate; 3 = Leaf (Foliage closed, stems hardly visible)

MATURITY: Days after planting (DAP) at vine senescence

PLANTING DATE:

**REGIONAL AREA:** 

#### **MATURITY CLASS:**

1 = Very Early (<100 DAP) 2 = Early (100-110 DAP) 3 = Mid-Season (111-120 DAP) 4 = Late (121-130 DAP) 5 = Very Late (>130 DAP).

3. STEM CHARACTERISTICS: A	leasure at ea	rly first bloom			2005	00205
* STEM ANTHOCYANIN C 1 = Absent 3= Weak 5			/ Strong			
T T	7 4	R1 1	R2		R3	R4
STEM WINGS: (See Figur 1 = Absent 3= Weak 5	e 12) = Medium - 7	7 = Strong 9 = Very	/ Strong			
Z	7 5	R1 4	R2		R3	R4
4. LEAF CHARACTERISTICS:						
LEAF COLOR: (Observe f 1 = Yellowing-green 2 = 0	ully develope Dive-green	d leaves located on i 3 = Medium Green	middle 1/3 of plant) 4 = Dark Green 5	= Grey-Green 6 =	= Other	
7	<sup>7</sup> 3-4	$R1 \mid 3$	R2		R3	R4
LEAF COLOR CHART VAI (Observe fully developed le	<b>-UE</b> : Royal l aves located	Horticulture Society on middle 1/3 of plan	Color Chart or Mun nt and circle the ap	sell Color Chart propriate color cha	rt)	
7	7 147A	R1 147A	R2		R3	R4
LEAF PUBESCENCE DEN 1 = Absent 2 = Sparse 3		4 = Thick 5 = Hea	vy			
V	3	R1 3	R2		R3	R4
LEAF PUBESCENCE LENd 1 = None 2 - Short 3 = M		ong 5 = Very Long				
V	7	R1	R2	-	R3	R4
(Note Descriptor #19 can be	used to desc	cribe the type and le	ngth of the glandula	ar trichomes obsen	ved.)	
* LEAF SILHOUETTE: (See 1 = Closed 3 = Medium 5	<b>-</b> /					
V	4	R1 3	R2		R3	R4
PETIOLES ANTHOCYANIN 1 = Absent 3 = Weak 5 =			/ Strong			
V	9	R1 1	R2	. []	R3	R4
LEAF STIPULES SIZE: (Se 1 = Absent 3 = Small 5 =	e Figure 13) Medium 7 :	= Large				
V	4	R1 6	R2		R3	R4

TERMINAL LEAFLET SHAPE (See Figures 3 and 11)
1 = Narrowly Ovate 2 = Medium Ovate 3 = Broadly Ovate 4 = Lanceolate 5 = Elliptical 6 = Obovate 7 = Oblong 8 = Other

3

**R**1 2 R2

**R3** 

#### 4. LEAF CHARACTERISTICS: (continued)

200500205 TERMINAL LEAFLET TIP SHAPE: (See Figures 4 and 11) 1 = Acute 2 = Cuspidate 3 = Acuminate 4 = Obtuse 5 = Other R1R2 **R3** R4 3 2-3 TERMINAL LEAFLET BASE SHAPE: (See Figures 5 and 11) 1 = Cuneate 2 = Acute 3 = Obtuse 4 = Cordate 5 = Truncate 6 = Lobed 7 = Other 4 R14 R<sub>2</sub> R4 R3 **TERMINAL LEAFLET MARGIN WAVINESS:** 1 = Absent 2 = Slight 3 = Weak 4 = Medium 5 = Strong R1R2 2 3 **R3** R4 NUMBER OF PRIMARY LEAFLET PAIRS: (See Figure 11) AVERAGE: R<sub>2</sub> R1 R3 R4 4.3 RANGE:  $\mathbf{v}$ 5 R1 to 6 R2 R3 R4 3 to to to to PRIMARY LEAFLET TIP SHAPE: (See Figures 4 and 11) 1 = Acute 2 = Cuspidate 3 = Acuminate 4 = Obtuse 5 = Other 3 R1 3 R2 R3 R4 PRIMARY LEAFLET SIZE: 1 = Very Small 2 = Small 3 = Medium 4 = Large 5 = Very Large 4 R1 R2 R3 **R4** 3 - 4PRIMARY LEAFLET SHAPE: (See Figures 3 and 11) 1 = Narrowly Ovate 2 = Medium Ovate 3 = Broadly Ovate 4 = Lanceolate 5 = Elliptical 6 = Ovate 7 = Oblong 8 = Other

R1

R2

R3

R4

#### PRIMARY LEAFLET BASE SHAPE: (See Figures 5 and 11)

1 = Cuneate 2 = Acute 3 = Obtuse 4 = Cordate 5 = Truncate 6 = Lobed 7 = Other

R14

R2

R3

			Exhibit C (P
EAF CHARACTERISTICS: (continued)  NUMBER OF SECONDARY AND TERTIARY LEAFLET PAIRS: (See Figure 11)	2005	0020	jeor .
AVERAGE:			
V 19.2 R1 12 R2	R3	R4	
RANGE:			
V     15 to 28       R1     6 to 18       R2     to	R3 to	R4	to
NUMBER OF INFLORESCENCE/PLANT:			
AVERAGE:			
V 4 R1 1 R2	R3	R4	
RANGE:  V 2 to 6 R1 0 to 2 R2 to	pa l	D4	
V 2 to 6 R1 0 to 3 R2 to	R3 to	R4	to
NUMBER OF FLORETS/INFLORESCENCE:			
AVERAGE:			
$\begin{bmatrix} V & 10.7 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} R1 & 1.5 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} R2 & 1.5 \end{bmatrix}$	R3	R4	
RANGE:			
V 7 to 13 R1 1 to 2 R2 to	R3 to	R4	to
COROLLA INNER SURFACE COLOR CHART VALUE: Royal Horticulture Society Color ewly open flower and circle the appropriate color chart)	Chart or Munsell Color Char	t (Measure predomi	inant color of
TI D1 D0	Da		7
$V \mid 89D \mid R1 \mid 155A \mid R2 \mid$	R3	R4	_
COROLLA OUTER SURFACE COLOR CHART VALUE: Royal Horticulture Society Color newly open flower and circle the appropriate color chart)	Chart or Munsell Color Cha	nt (Measure predon	ninant color o
V 1 R1 1 R2	R3	R4	
COROLLA INNER SURFACE COLOR: (Measure predominant color of newly open flower)  1 = White 2 = Red-violet 3 = Blue-violet 4 = Other	)		
V 3 R1 1 R2	R3	R4	
pale blue-violet with white stripes  COROLLA SHAPE: (See Figure 6)  1 = Very rotate  2 = Rotate  3 = Pentagonal  4 = Semi-stellate  5 = Stellate			
1 = Very rotate 2 = Rotate 3 = Pentagonal 4 = Semi-stellate 5 = Stellate			

R2

R3

R4

5. INFLORESCENCE CHARACTERIS		6			
NUMBER OF INFLORESCEN	See page ( CE/PLANT:	O	200	<b>)50</b> 0205	* *
AVERAGE:					
V	R1	R2	R3	R4	
RANGE:		The last	no.		
V to R	to to	R2 to	R3 to	R4	to
NUMBER OF FLORETS/INFLO	DRESCENCE:				
V	R1	R2	R3	R4	
RANGE:	<del></del>				
V to R	.1 to	R2 to	R3 to	R4	to
* COROLLA INNER SURFACE CO	DLOR CHART VALUE: (Roy	/al Horticulture Society Co	olor Chart or Munsell Color C	Chart (Measure predominar	nt color of
V	R1	R2	R3	R4	
* COROLLA OUTER SURFACE Conewly open flower and circle the appropriate the approximation of the control of the	ppropriate color chart)	oyal Horticulture Society C	color Chart or Munsell Color	Chart (Measure predomina	ant color of
* COROLLA INNER SURFACE CO	LOR: (Measure predomina	nt color of newly open flow	wer\		
1 = White 2 = Red-violet 3 = Blue		are object of flowing open not	voi)		
				] [	
V	R1	R2	R3	R4	
COROLLA SHAPE: (See Figure 1 = Very rotate 2 = Rotate 3	e 6) = Pentagonal 4 = Semi-st	ellate 5 = Stellate			
V	R1	R2	R3	R4	
CALYX ANTHOCYANIN COLO 1 = Absent 3 = Weak 5 = Me					
V	1 R1 1	R2	R3	R4	
ANTHER COLOR CHART VALUE expanded and circle the appropri	JE: (Royal Horticulutre Sociente color chart)	ety Color Chart or Munsel	Color Chart (Measure whe	en newly opened flower is f	ully .
V	17A R1 <sub>9A</sub>	R2	R3	R4	
ANTHER SHAPE: (See Figure 7 1 = Broad cone 2 = Narrow co		4 = Loose 5 = Other			
V	R1 3	R2	R3	R4	

ORESCENCE CHAR	ACTERISTICS: (cont	inued)		All as all and	
POLLEN PRODUCTION 1 = None 3 = Some	ON:	,		20050	0205
	V 3	R1 2	R2	R3	R4
STIGMA SHAPE: (Se 1 = Capitate 2 = Cla					
	V 1	$\begin{bmatrix} R1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	R2	R3	R4
STIGMA COŁOR CHA	ART VALUE: Royal	Horticulture Society Colo	r Chart)or Munsell Color	Chart (Circle the approp	riate color chart)
	V 137C	R1 137C	R2	R3	R4
BERRY PRODUCTION 1 = None 3 = Low		ions) eavy 9 = Very Heavy			
	V 7	R1 1	R2	R3	R4
ER CHARACTERISTIC  PREDOMINANT SKIN  I = White 2 = Light Y  I = Dark purple-black	<b>! COLOR</b> : 'ellow 3 = Yellow 4	!=Buff 5=Tan 6=	Brown 7 = Pink 8 = F	Red 9 = Purplish-red	10 = Purple
PREDOMINANT SKIN i = White 2 = Light Y i1 = Dark purple-black	COLOR:  [ellow 3 = Yellow 4 12 = Other]	R1 4	R2	R3	R4
PREDOMINANT SKIN i = White 2 = Light Y i1 = Dark purple-black	COLOR:  [ellow 3 = Yellow 4 12 = Other]	R1 4	R2		R4
PREDOMINANT SKIN i = White 2 = Light Y i1 = Dark purple-black	COLOR:  [ellow 3 = Yellow 4] 12 = Other  V 4  COLOR CHART VA  V 199C  OLOR:	R1 4  LUE Royal Horticulture  R1 199B	Society Color Chart or N	Munsell Color Chart (Circ	R4
PREDOMINANT SKIN  1 = White 2 = Light Y  1 = Dark purple-black  PREDOMINANT SKIN	COLOR:  [ellow 3 = Yellow 4] 12 = Other  V 4  COLOR CHART VA  V 199C  OLOR:	R1 4  LUE Royal Horticulture  R1 199B	Society Color Chart or N	Munsell Color Chart (Circ	R4
PREDOMINANT SKIN    = White	COLOR:  (ellow 3 = Yellow 4)  12 = Other  V 4  COLOR CHART VA  V 199C  OLOR;  nt (please describe)  V 1	R1 4  LUE Royal Horticulture  R1 199B	R2  Society Color Chart or N  R2  R2	R3  Munsell Color Chart (Circ	R4  R4  R4
PREDOMINANT SKIN    = White	COLOR:  (ellow 3 = Yellow 4)  12 = Other  V 4  COLOR CHART VA  V 199C  OLOR;  nt (please describe)  V 1	R1 4  LUE Royal Horticulture  R1 199B	R2  Society Color Chart or N  R2  R2	R3  Munsell Color Chart (Circ	R4  R4  R4
PREDOMINANT SKIN    = White	COLOR:  [eflow 3 = Yellow 4] 12 = Other  V 4  COLOR CHART VA  V 199C  OLOR;  nt (please describe)  V 1  OLOR CHART VALUE  OLOR CHART VALUE  OLOR DISTRIBUTIO	R1 4  LUE Royal Horticulture R1 199B  R1 1  JE: Royal Horticulture S  R1	R2  R2  R2  R2  Cociety Color Chart or Mu	R3  Munsell Color Chart (Circle R3  unsell Color Chart (Circle	R4  R4  R4  R4  the appropriate color

R2

R3

**R**1

#### 6. TUBER CHARACTERISTICS: (continued)

200500205

\* TUBER SHAPE: (See Figure 10)

1 = Compressed 2 = Round 3 = Oval 4 = Oblong 5 = Long 6 = Other

Vз

R1 2

R2

R3

R4

**TUBER THICKNESS:** 

1 = Round 2 = Medium thick 3 = Slightly flattened 4 = Flattened 5 = Other

V 3

R1 2

R2

R3

R4

TUBER LENGTH (mm):

AVERAGE:

V 72.46

R1 64.27

R2

R3

R4

RANGE:

V 50 to 105

R1 45 to 105

R2 to

R3 to

R4 to

STANDARD DEVIATION:

V 11.4

R1 10.3

R2

R3

R4

AVERAGE WEIGHT OF SAMPLE TAKEN:

V 35 1bs

R1 28

R2

R3

R4

TUBER WIDTH (mm):

AVERAGE:

V 65.60

R1 61.50

R2

R3

R4

RANGE:

V 42 to 90

R1 43 to 96

R2 to

R3 to

R4 to

STANDARD DEVIATION:

 $V \mid_{11.75}$ 

R1 <sub>11.3</sub>9

R2

R3

R4

**AVERAGE WEIGHT OF SAMPLE TAKEN:** 

V 35

R1 28

R2

R3

#### 6. TUBER CHARACTERISTICS: (continued)

**TUBER THICKNESS (mm):** 

200500205

AVERAGE:



R4

RANGE:

STANDARD DEVIATION:

**AVERAGE WEIGHT OF SAMPLE TAKEN:** 



5 = Very deep





TUBER EYE DEPTH:

**TUBER LATERAL EYES:** 

NUMBER EYE/TUBER:

AVERAGE:

RANGE:

**DISTRIBUTION OF TUBER EYES:** 

1 = Predominantly apical 2 = Evenly distributed

PROMINENCE OF TUBER EYEBROWS:

5 = Other

6. TUBER CHARACTERISTICS: (continued) PRIMARY TUBER FLESH COLOR CHART VALUE Royal Horticuluture Society Color Chart/of Munsell Color Chart (Circle the appropriate color chart) R1R2 R3 R4 160A 155A SECONDARY TUBER FLESH COLOR: 1 = Absent 2 = Present, please describe: R1R2 R3 R4 SECONDARY TUBER FLESH COLOR CHART VALUE: Royal Horticuluture Society Color Chart of Munsell Color Chart (Circle the appropriate color chart) **R1** R<sub>2</sub> **R3** R4 7. DISEASES CHARACTERISTICS: **DISEASES REACTION**: 0 = Not Tested 1 = Resistant 3 = Moderately Resistant 5 = Moderately Susceptible 7 = Susceptible 9 = Highly Susceptible BACTERIAL RING ROT, FOLIAR REACTION: R1R<sub>2</sub> R3R4 BACTERIAL RING ROT, TUBER REACTION: R1 R2 **R3** R4 LATE BLIGHT: R1 R2 R3 R4 PLRV (LEAF ROLL): R1 R<sub>2</sub> R3R4 PVX: R<sub>1</sub> R2 R<sub>3</sub> R4 PVY: **R1** R2**R3** R4

OTHER: Powdery Scab

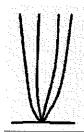
R<sub>1</sub> R<sub>2</sub> 5 3 R3 R4 OTHER:

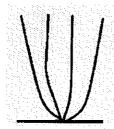
> **R**1 R2 **R3** R4

8. PESTS CHARACTERISTICS:
PEST REACTION: 0 = Not Tested 1 = Resistant 3 = Moderately Resistant 5 = Moderately Susceptible 7 = Susceptible 9 = Highly Susceptible
GOLDEN NEMATODE: Presumed susceptible based on pedigree
V 7 R1 7 R2 R3 R4
OTHER:
V R1 R2 R3 R4
9. GENE TRAITS:
INSERTION OF GENES: YES X NO
IF YES, describe the gene(s) introduced or attach information:
10. QUALITY CHARACTERISTICS:
CHIEF MARKET:
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (wt. air – wt. water) 1 = <1.060   2 = 1.060-1.069   3 = 1.070-1.079   4 = 1.080-1.089   5 = >1.090
V         5         R1         4         R2         R3         R4
TOTAL GLYCOALKALOID CONTENT (mg./100 g. fresh tuber)
V 4.17 R1 29.7 R2 R3 R4
See Exhibit D-2
OTHER QUALITY CHARACTERISTICS: Describe any other quality characteristics that may aid in identification, (e.g., chip-processing, french fry processing, baking, boiling, after-cooking darkening). Please attach data and corresponding protocol.
44 CUEMION IDENTIFICATION
11. CHEMICAL IDENTIFICATION:  Describe chemical traits of the candidate variety that aid in its identification (e.g., protein or DSN electrophoresis). Please attach data and the corresponding
Isozyme fingerprints See Exhibit D-1
12. ADDDITIONAL COMMENTS AND CHARACTERISTICS:

Include any additional descriptors that would be useful in distringuishing the candidate variety.

Figure 1: Growth Habit





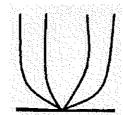


Figure 2: Leaf Sillhouette



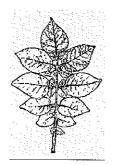
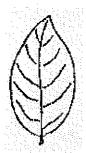




Figure 3: Terminal Leaflet Shape/Primary Leaflet Shape













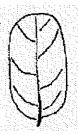


Figure 4: Terminal Leaflet Shape of Tip/Primary Leaflet Shape of Tip





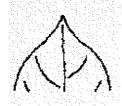
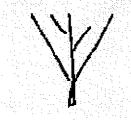




Figure 5: Terminal Leaflet Shape of Base/Primary Leafelet Shape of Base











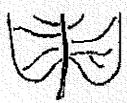
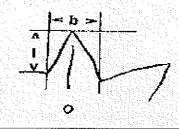
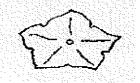


Figure 6: Corolla Shape



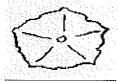




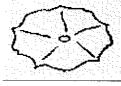


Pentagonal 1 < b

Stellate 1 > b



Semi-stellate 1 = b



Rotate 1 << b

Very rotate 1 <<< b

Figure 7: Anther Shape







Figure 8: Stigma Shape







Figure 9: Distribution of Secondary Tuber Color









Figure 10: Tuber Shape



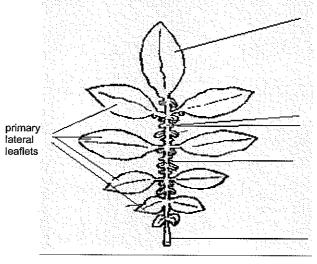








Figure 11: Leaf Dissection



Terminal leaflet

Leaflets

rachis

2° and 3° petiole

Figure 12: Stem Wings





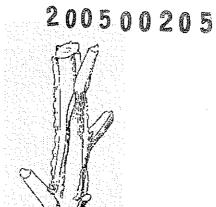
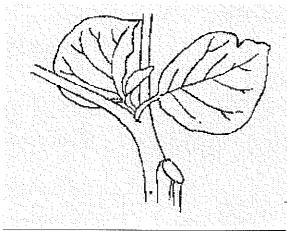
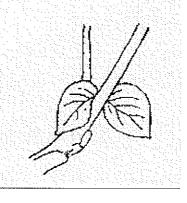
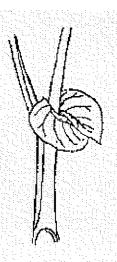


Figure 13: Leaf Stipules







#### LIGHT SPROUT CHARACTERISTICS:

#### 1. Light sprout: general shape

		V.	R1	R2	R3	R4
Spherical	1	3.	4			
Ovoid	2					
Conicat	. 3					
Broad cylindrical	4					
Narrow cylindrical	5					
Other (describe)	. 6					

#### 2. Light sprout base: pubescence

		V_V:	R1	R2	R3	R4
Absent	. 1	. 7	5			
Weak	. 3	-				
Medium	5					
Strong	. 7			•		
Very Strong	9		•			

#### 3. Light sprout base: anthocyanin colouration

		V	R1	R2	R3	R4
Green	1	3	2			
Red-violet	2					
Blue-violet	3	٠				
Other (describe)	4					

#### 4. Light sprout base: intensity of anthocyanin colouration (if present)

		. V	R1	R2	R3	R4
Absent	. 1 .	7	. 3			
Weak	3 .					
Medium	5		£			
Strong	7					
Very strong	9					

#### 5. Light sprout tip: habit

	,	V	R1	R2	R3	R4
Closed	3	- 3	6			
Medium	. 5					
Open	7					

#### LIGHT SPROUT CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

		V	R1	R2	R3	R4
Absent	. 1 .	1	1			
Weak	3	÷				
Medium	5					
Strong	7					
Very strong	9					

#### 7. Light sprout tip anthocyanin colouration

	—T	V	R1	R2	R3	R4
Green	1	3 .	1			
Red-violet	2					
Blue-violet	3					
Other (describe)	4					

#### 8. Light sprout tip: intensity of anthocanin colouration (if present)

		. V	R1	R2	R3	R4
Absent	11	9	1			
Weak	3					
Medium	5					
Strong	7					
Very strong	9					

#### 9. Light sprout root initials: frequency

		V	R1	R2	R3	R4
Low	3	5	6			
Medium	5					
High	7					

#### EXHIBIT D: Additional description of the variety

As additional information about FL 2072, the following are included:

- 1) Isozyme fingerprint of FL 2072, with reference to the methodology utilized by Dr. David Douches of Michigan State University. Comparison of fingerprint of FL 2072 with that of Atlantic, Norchip and Snowden, shows distinct patterns for each variety.
- 2) Glycoalkaloid data for two years, comparing FL 2072 with Snowden, furnished by Dr. Stephen Love of the University of Idaho.
- 3) FL 2072 was not tested for Golden Nematode (Ro1) resistance based on its pedigree.
- 4) Photographs of typical plants, leaves and flowers of FL 2072, Atlantic, Norchip and Snowden from Rhinelander field, 2003.
- 5) Photographs FL 2072, Atlantic, Norchip and Snowden tubers and sprouts.
- 6) Tuber dimensions of FL 2072 and Snowden, 2003 & 2004.
- 7) Reducing sugar profile for 2004/2005 storage season

**EXHIBIT D-1** 

Isozyme fingerprints of FL2072 compared to three reference varieties

Г	
ADH1	
PRX3	2222
DIA2	1144
DIA1	1112
PGM2	2223 2223 2222 2222 2222
PGM1	1113
GO12	3355 3555 3335 3335
GOT1	3344 4444 3344 3344
APS1	1111
PGI1	2222 2222 2222 2224 2222
IDH1	1112
PGD3	1222 1122 1222 2222
MDH2	2222 2223 2222 2222 2222
MDH1	2223 22334 2234 1224
Year of Test	2003 1996 1995
Variety	Ft 2072 Allantic Norchip nowden

Source of Dafa: Dr. David Douches, Michigan State University, 2003

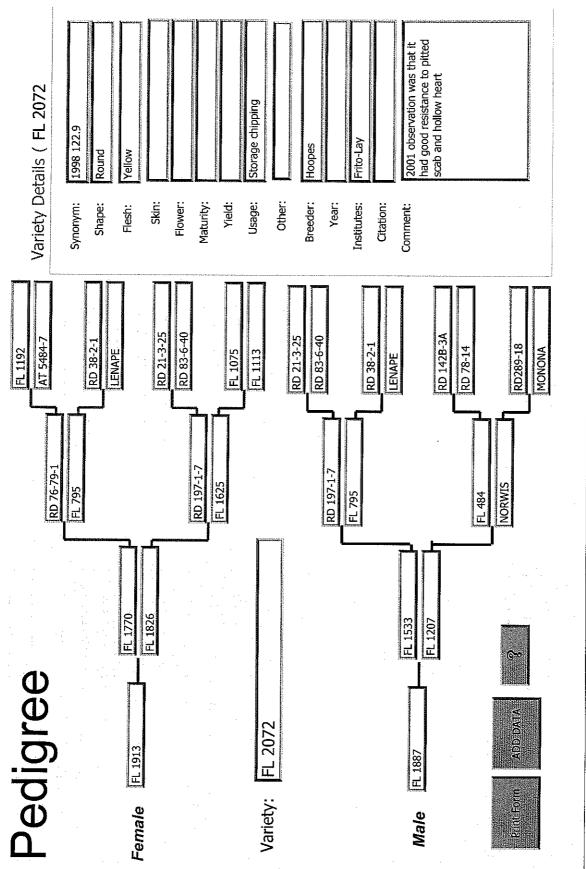
Procedures and allelic designations used are according to Douches, D.S and K. Lundlum, 1991. Electrophoretic Characterization of North American Potato Cultivars. Am Potato J. 68:767-780

# **Exhibit D-2**

Glycoalkaloids of FL 2072 compared to Snowden

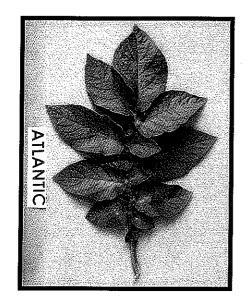
Variety	Year of Test	OD@ 900	STD (mg/OD)	(mg/ aliquot)	Total Volume (4 mg/ aliquot)	8g sample (total mg/ 8 g)	Solids	(fotal mg /8g*% solids)	Total Giycoalka loids (mg/100g fresh)
FL 2072	2003	0.164	0.89	0.145	10.000	1.451	22.99	4.172	4.17
FL 2072	10/22/03	0.697	0.71	0.495	10.000	4.949	27.23	16.845	16.84
FL 2072	12/3/03	0.325	0.70	0.228	10.000	2.275	29.70	8.445	8.45
FL 2072-USDA	1/12/04								17.73
Snowden	2002	1.595	0.72	1.148	10.000	11.484		29.714	29.71
Snowden	2002	1.452	0.72	1.045	10.000	10.454		27.051	27.05

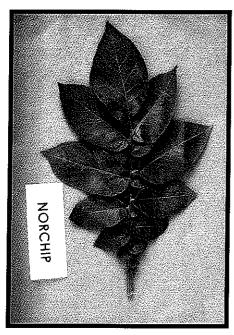
Source of data: Dr. Stephen Love, University of Idaho and Dr. Kenneth Deahl, USDA

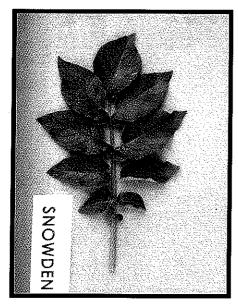




## 0 0 2 0 5

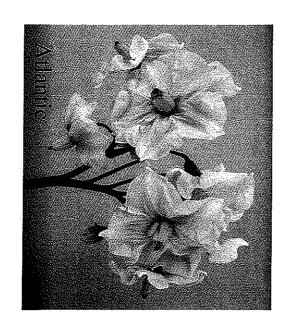


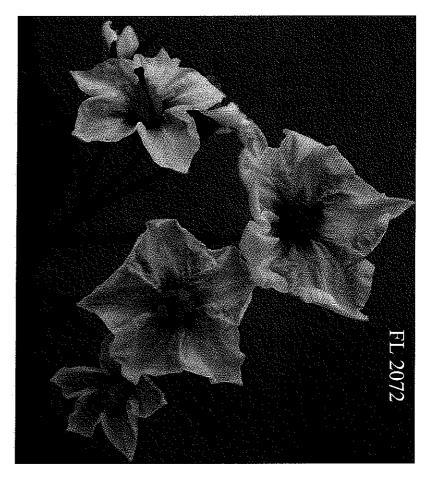


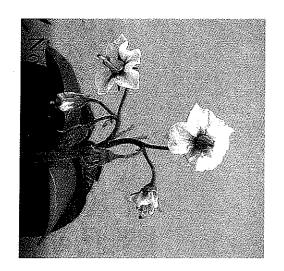


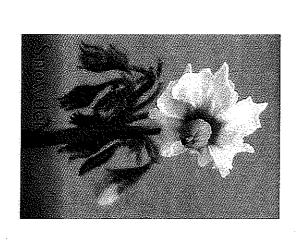


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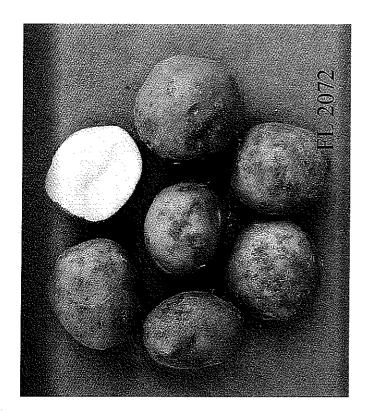


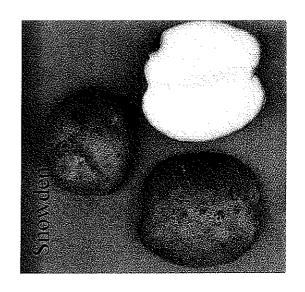


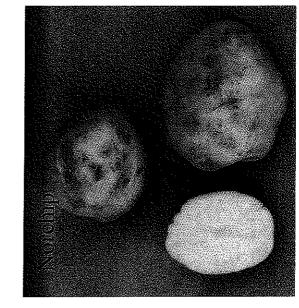


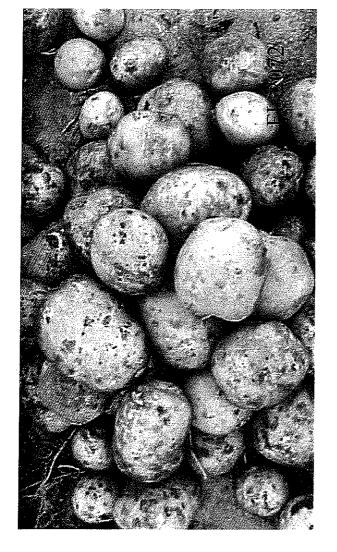


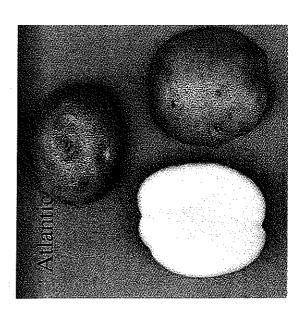








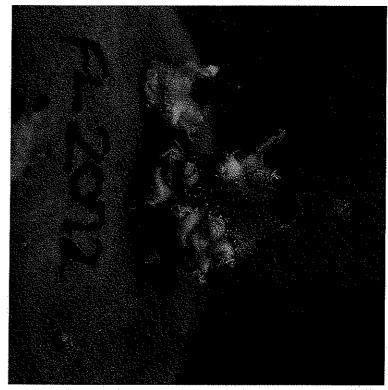


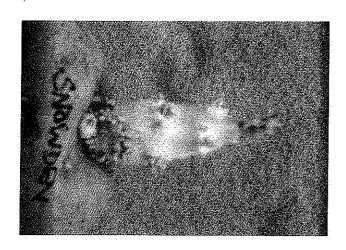


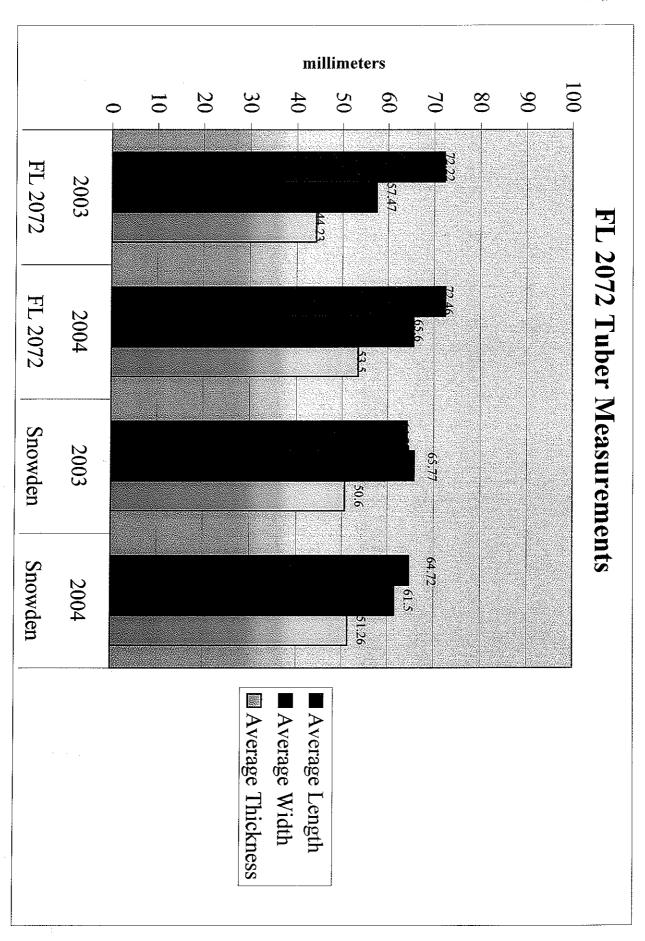
# 











### Bin: F13

#### Storage Research SR CSS Farms

FL2072

FL Bin #: 90

Location: Heartland

Field Name:

Initial Cwt: 889

FL Solids: 19.40

Bruise Free: 85.44

Scab: 0.00

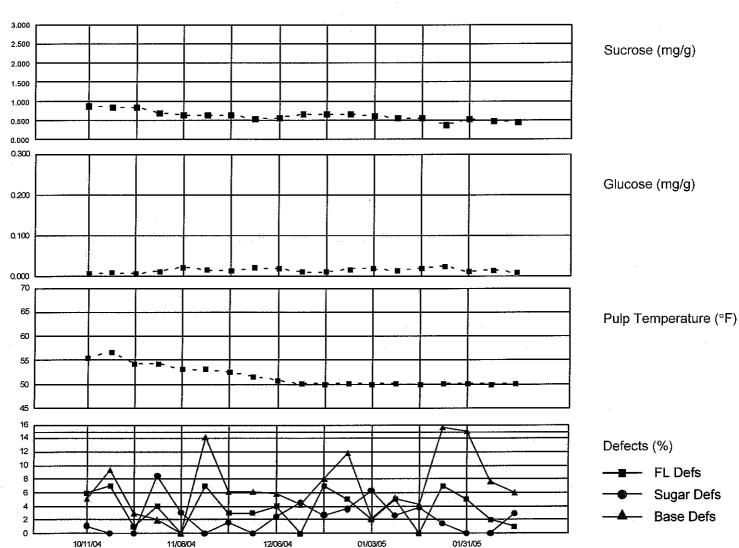
Hollow Heart: 0.00

**% < 2":** 6.80

% < 2.5":

% > 3": % > 4": 0.00

TuberCount:



Sample Date	e <u>Temp</u>	Sucrose	<u>Glucose</u>	FL Defs	Perfect Chip	Sugar Defs	Base Defs	<u>LColor</u>	a-Color
10/11/04	55.40	0.853	0.007	6.0	93.8	1.1	5.1	70.34	-1.92
10/18/04	56.70	0.826	800.0	7.0	90,6	0.0	9.4	70.72	-1.92
10/25/04	54.20	0.842	0.006	1.0	97.0	0.0	3.0	70.72	-1.92
11/1/04	54.20	0,677	0.011	4.0	89.5	8.5	2.0	70.72	-1.92
11/8/04	53.10	0.628	0.022	0.0	96.9	3.1	0.0	71.91	-2.69
11/15/04	53.10	0.622	0.015	7.0	85.8	0.0	14.2	71.91	-2.69
11/22/04	52.40	0.615	0.013	3.0	92.2	1.6	6.2	71.91	-2.69
11/29/04	51.50	0.510	0.020	3.0	93.8	0.0	6.2	71.91	-2.69
12/6/04	50.70	0.560	0.018	4.0	91.6	2.5	5.9	71.91	-2.69
12/13/04	50.00	0.649	0.010	0.0	91.2	4.5	4.3	71.91	-2.69
12/20/04	49.80	0.659	0.010	7.0	89.3	2.7	8.0	71.91	-2.69
12/27/04	50,00	0.646	0.016	5.0	84.5	3.6	11.9	71.91	-2.69
1/3/05	49.80	0.590	0.018	2.0	91.5	6.3	2.2	71.91	-2.69
1/10/05	50.00	0.557	0.013	5.0	92,2	2.6	5.2	71.91	-2.69
1/17/05	49.70	0.545	0.019	0.0	91.9	3.8	4.3	71,91	-2.69
1/24/05	50.00	0.355	0.024	7.0	82.8	1.5	15.7	74.28	-3.39

Sample Date	Temp	Sucrose	<u>Glucose</u>			Sugar Defs		<u>LColor</u>	a-Color	
1/31/05	50.00	0.524	0.011	5.0	84.9	0.0	15.1	74.28	-3.39	
2/7/05	49.80	0.458	0.014	2.0	92.4	0.0	7.6	74.28	-3.39	
2/14/06	50.00	0.430	0.008	4.0	01 1	20	6.0	74.28	-3 30	

TUBER NUMBER	LENGTH (mm)	LENGTH (mm)	WIDTH (mm)	WIDTH (mm)	DEPTH (mm)	DEPTH (mm
33	86	50	65	45	50	45
34	80	78	67	65	55	55
35	90	57	60	60	40	45
36	75	70	55	66	40	45
37	80	44	60	54	45	45
38	70	75	55	63	45	46
39	80	56	55	55	45	48
40	75	81	60	65	45	55
41	58	75	45	65	42	55
42	70	100	50	80	34	61
43	105	75	70	55	50	50
44	67	72	50	60	40	50
45	63	85	48	74	40	55
46	80	65	57	65	40	55
47	70	51	55	55	40	48
48	75	60	50	50	31	45
49	70	86	50	80	35	55
50	68	56	64	61	45	45
51	70	57	68	80	47	50
52	65	70	53	72	45	63
53	66	90	49	75	35	60
54	101	1.10	65	90	45	68
55	69	100	57	82	48	70
56	71	94	55	85	40	65
57	75	70	62	57	50	53
58	85	60	66	50	45	41
59	68	80	53	65	40	50
60	50	60	40	58	30	55
61	75	65	55	54	54	43
62	80	40	65	42	50	35
63	80	55	65	50	42	40
64	88	64	52	60	35	50
65	72	65	60	60	46	52
66	56	92	47	71	44	57
67	. 86	67	68	62	48	51
68	60	90	55	80	40	60
69	70	70	57	65	50	52

TUBER NUMBER	LENGTH (mm)	LENGTH (mm)	WIDTH (mm)	WIDTH (mm)	DEPTH (mm)	DEPTH (mn
70	90	70	70	52	50	45
71	70	60	56	55	45	45
72	55	70	50	66	45	50
73	65	75	51	65	42	54
74	60	70	56	60	40	46
75	66	65	55	61	40	50
76	74	72	56	65	47	60
77	60	60	45	55	32	45
78	75	45	58	46	44	38
79	65	50	45	53	33	46
80	75	85	56	80	46	70
81	90	100	66	89	45	70
82	68	112	54	83	45	60
83	60	61	52	55	40	46
84	80	67	66	61	48	60
85	65	60	57	60	42	53
86	80	76	55	72	45	58
87	71	60	59	56	45	46
88	70	90	55	77	40	65
89	72	66	61	62	46	50
90	59	90	51	71	41	60
91	56	73	45	73	35	55
92	74	62	60	60	45	50
93	53	61	45	60	38	55
94	67	52	58	63	45	57
95	65	65	51	57	42	54
96	75	80	59	67	45	61
97	55	85	45	80	37	60
98	61	72	48	60	40	51
99	. 80	71	60	65	45	50
100	82	100	69	82	50	60
VERAGE:	74.220	72.460	57.470	65.600	44.230	53.500
. DEVIATION	11.460	16.267	7.492	11.759	5.983	8.377
AX. VALUE	105	112	80	90	60	70
IN. VALUE	50	40	40	42	30	35
W ratio	1.29	1.10		W:D ratio	1.30	1.23

## SNOWDEN

WEIGHT OF SAMPLE:

COMMENTS:

UBER NUMBER	2003 LENGTH (mm)	2004 LENGTH (mm)	2003 WIDTH (mm)	2004 WIDTH (mm)	2003 DEPTH (mm)	2004 DEPTI (mm)
1	72	80	72	73	53	55
2	70	93	68	80	55	60
3	63	103	60	91	41	70
4	70	75	70	72	55	60
5	65	70	70	77	62	51
6	55	60	55	62	45	50
7	72	60	75	60	60	51
8	75	60	80	55	60	45
9	71	45	75	43	60	41
10	65	71	81	79	60	56
11	55	70	60	70	54	58
12	70	80	70	62	50	50
13	70	83	70	76	50	55
14	65	64	63	60	50	50
15	60	62	68	. 58	55	55
16	55	56	55	63	50	49
17	50	90	50	46	41	90
18	65	61	62	52	43	45
19	53	50	65	70	50	60
20	70	56	65	55	50	45
21	45	55	53	53	47	47
22	52	81	80	74	40	63
23	62	53	70	60	60	52
24	58	90	65	80	50	57
25	105	92	65	75	50	60
26	52	71	60	60	43	48
27	65	60	61	55	50	47
28	75	51	65	77	45	61
29	65	62	74	65	52	59
30	46	47	52	55	45	47
31	51	62	52	76	40	53
32	62	77	65	80	45	63
33	65	60	70	61	55	45
34	75	91	72	83	52	56
35	52	54	60	53	45	45
36	60	50	70	46	54	47
37	55	77	55	65	45	
38	55	85	60	75	42	66
39	60	102	60	96	50	70

TUBER NUMBER	2003 LENGTH (mm)	2004 LENGTH (mm)	2003 WIDTH (mm)	2004 WIDTH (mm)	2003 DEPTH (mm)	2004 DEPTH (mm)
40	85	61	80	60	60	50
41	61	80	60	71	45	60
42	71	80	65	78	48	60
43	66	60	55	65	37	56
44	53	46	55	47	44	41
45	62	70	60	60	50	55
46	50	73	55	60	51	50
47	51	60	60	53	50	49
48	55	54	56	51	45	46
49	50	61	50	52	40	45
50	50	105	60	90	40	81
51	50	61	61	56	45	50
52	70	72	75	70	60	55
53	75	61	70	- 56	61	50
54	70	73	74	56	45	50
55	71	45	65	50	51	41
-56	86	80	75	70	60	53
57	75	61	72	58	55	50
58	70	61	70	55	55	40
59	99	70	98	61	75	60
60	55	70	60	70	44	50
61	65	55	71	51	52	40
62	64	52	60	48	42	43
63	50	45	61	51	50	39
64	55	61	55	51	45	35
65	73	46	70	45	51	44
66	60	65	62	60	50	51
67	65	65	73	58	50	50
68	70	55	61	61	50	. 50
69	70	65	70	61	55	49
70	71	46	70	54	50	42
71	60	60	75	60	55	49
72	85	72	75	61	60	50
73	70	56	70	51	55	48

TUBER NUMBER	2003 LENGTH (mm)	2004 LENGTH (mm)	2003 WIDTH (mm)	2004 WIDTH (mm)	2003 DEPTH (mm)	2004 DEPTH (mm)
74	60	46	60	50	48	43
75	80	67	72	51	60	40
76	80	65	79	60	55	51
77	65	52	70	49	50	40
78	66	74	71	70	50	50
79	68	55	72	45	53	33
80	55	53	70	50	50	45
81	65	65	62	60	50	47
82	55	77	61	65	49	55
83	53	45	55	52	45	41
84	65	60	61	55	45	48
85	60	60	62	51	50	45
86	73	57	73	50	52	42
87	65	50	65	61	50	56
88	61	72	63	85	50	75
89	66	60	60	58	48	52
90	65	60	70	61	50	50
91	75	44	75	48	51	38
92	62	60	73	63	55	48
93	56	50	63	53	59	44
94	59	60	63	55	50	47
95	61	70	59	80	50	70
96	70	70	65	54	49	44
97	65	50	65	56	50	51
98	59	56	62	53	54	47
99	71	66	66	52	54	49
100	63	72	68	69	54	56
VERAGE:	64.270	64.720	65.770	61.500	50.610	51.260
T. DEVIATION	10.359	13.644	7.985	11.397	6.117	9.189
AX	105	105	98	96	75	90
iiN	45	44	50	43	37	33
W Ratio	0.977	1.052		W:D	1.300	1.200

REPRODUCE LOCALLY. Include form number and edition date on all	reproductions.	FORM APPROVED - OMB No. 0581-005				
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE  EXHIBIT E	Application is required in order to determine if a plant variety protectio certificate is to be issued (7 <i>U.S.C. 2421</i> ). The information is held confidential until the certificate is issued (7 <i>U.S.C. 2426</i> ).					
STATEMENT OF THE BASIS OF OWNERSHIP  1. NAME OF APPLICANT(S)	O TENDODADY DECICALATION	O MADIETY NAME				
• •	2. TEMPORARY DESIGNATION OR EXPERIMENTAL NUMBER	3. VARIETY NAME				
Frito-Lay North America, Inc.	1998 122.9	FL 2072				
4. ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP, and Country)	5. TELEPHONE (Include area code)	6. FAX (Include area code)				
7701 Legacy Drive Plano, TX 75024	(972) 334-3822	(972) 334-5965				
Fiano, 1A 75024	7. PVPO NUMBER	200500205				
8. Does the applicant own all rights to the variety? Mark an "X" in the	e appropriate block. If no, please exp	olain. YES NO				
9. Is the applicant (individual or company) a U.S. national or a U.S. b	good company? If no give name of	Focustry ST VEC 1997 NO.				
3. Is the applicant (individual of company) a 0.5. Hasorial of a 0.5. b	ased company? If no, give name of	country. YES NO				
10. Is the applicant the original owner? YES	NO If no, please answer <u>or</u>	ne of the following:				
a. If the original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is (	are) the original owner(s) a U.S. Nati	• •				
b. If the original rights to variety were owned by a company(ies),	is (are) the original owner(s) a U.S. NO If no, give name of cou					
11. Additional explanation on ownership (Trace ownership from original	nal breeder to current owner. Use the	e reverse for extra space if needed):				
Breeders employed by Frito-Lay North America, Inc. developed t all rights to inventions and discoveries made by the employees wh with no ownership rights of any kind retained by the employees.	the variety FL 2072. By agreement l hile employed by Frito-Lay are assig	petween Frito-Lay and its employees, med to Frito-Lay North America, Inc.				
PLEASE NOTE:		,				
Plant variety protection can only be afforded to the owners (not licens	ees) who meet the following criteria:					
<ol> <li>If the rights to the variety are owned by the original breeder, that penational of a country which affords similar protection to nationals of</li> </ol>	erson must be a U.S. national, nation the U.S. for the same genus and spe	al of a UPOV member country, or ecies.				
<ol><li>If the rights to the variety are owned by the company which employ nationals of a UPOV member country, or owned by nationals of a c genus and species.</li></ol>	red the original breeder(s), the compa country which affords similar protection	any must be U.S. based, owned by n to nationals of the U.S. for the same				
3. If the applicant is an owner who is not the original owner, both the o	original owner and the applicant must	meet one of the above criteria.				
The original breeder/owner may be the individual or company who din Act for definitions.	ected the final breeding. See Section	n 41(a)(2) of the Plant Variety Protection				
According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, a control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0055. including the time for reviewing the instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering as	The time required to complete this information co nd maintaining the data needed, and completing	llection is estimated to average 0.1 hour per response, and reviewing the collection of information.				
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